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2006/11/14

2006/6/27

Abstract

Suggested this project a filter for speech signal enhancement. While steps can be listed below : First recording speech signal from microphone. Second input signal should be divided and attached into overlapped frames. Third these frames should be identified and recognized at (Voiced Sound)frame signals and (Unvoiced Sound). By using two adaptive filter algorithms: The Least Mean Squares(LMS) algorithm and Recursive Least Squares (RLS) algorithm. Then the objective tests have been done by measuring the LMS errors between input and output signals. When the suggested filter applied to several of applied samples, the results showed the filter order has agreed influence upon filtration time, and on the square of the error signal. The tests revealed that the LMS algorithm gives good results of reducing the square of the error signal.

:

Unvoiced

(Voiced Sound)

Adaptive)

.(Sound)

LMS

: *(Filter*

RLS

.

LMS

.

RLS

.

[13]

. [3]

(Pitch Frequency)

. [2]

(Speech) 2-1

. [14]

(Decibel Scale dB) 3-1

10)

bel .

(Alexander Graham Bell)

(

[7]

(dB)

(Signal Amplitude)

decibel (Sound Pressure

(0db SPL)

 $Level(SPL))$ $(10^{-16} \text{ watt/cm}^2)$
$$(60)$$

. [1](140)

$$Y = \log_{10} X$$

(1)

		(<i>Speech Analysis</i>)	4-1
		(<i>bandwidth</i>)	
(<i>data windowing</i>)		(<i>Time domain</i>)	
		(<i>Frame</i>)	
		[6]	
(<i>Speech Recognition Technique</i>)			5-1
(<i>Control</i>)	(<i>Command</i>)		
		[15](<i>Data entry</i>)	
(<i>Spectrum</i>)	(<i>Digitization</i>)		
		[17]	
		(<i>Filters</i>)	6-1
		(<i>Signal processing</i>)	
		[4]	
			-1
			-2
			-3
			-4
			-5
			-6
		(<i>Analog</i>)	(<i>DSP</i>)
(<i>Cnvolution</i>)			

(Frequency Response)

. [8]()

(Finite Impulse Response(FIR))

7-1

FIR

(2) (DSP)

. [10](Infinite Impulse Response(IIR))

$$y(m) = \sum_{k=0}^M b_k x(m-k) \quad (2)$$

x(m) M (Filter Coefficients) b_k

(2) (FIR) y(m)

(FIR) Impulse input

. b_k (FIR)

$$h(k) = \begin{cases} b_k & 0 \leq k \leq M \\ 0 & \text{Otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

(Convolution) (4)

. [10] x(m-k) h(k) (Impulse response)

$$y(m) = \sum_{k=0}^M h(k) x(m-k) \quad (4)$$

(Adaptive Filters(AF)) 8-1

[12]

. Input signal x(n) .1

. Reference d(n) .2

. (Coefficient generator)

(Coefficient)

FIR

IIR

	[5]	:	-1
FIR	(Primary input)	.	-2
		.FIR	-3
(Primary input)		x(n)	
		. FIR	
.FIR		y(n)	-4
		d(n)	-5
		.(Primary input)	
d(n)		e(n)	-6
.FIR	y(n)	(Primary input)	
		(Least Mean Squares (LMS))	9-1
		LMS	
		LMS	
		[9]	
	(μ)		
		(Cefficient)	
			(μ)
		[5]	
		(Request Least Squares(RLS))	10-1
		LMS	
		RLS	
.LMS		[8]	
(μ)	(λ)		
		RLS	(λ)
	(λ)		

.[14]

Speech Signal Recognition)**11-1*****(Algorithm****(Voiced sound)*

:

*(Unvoiced sound)**HPF*

•

.

•

.

.

(Waveform). *(Articulators)*

.

 $X(n)$

.[2]

(Overlap Frames)

N

 (N)

$$X_1(n) = [X_r(1) + X_r(2), \dots, X_r(N)]$$

N

r

:

.LP coefficients

.1

. energy

.2

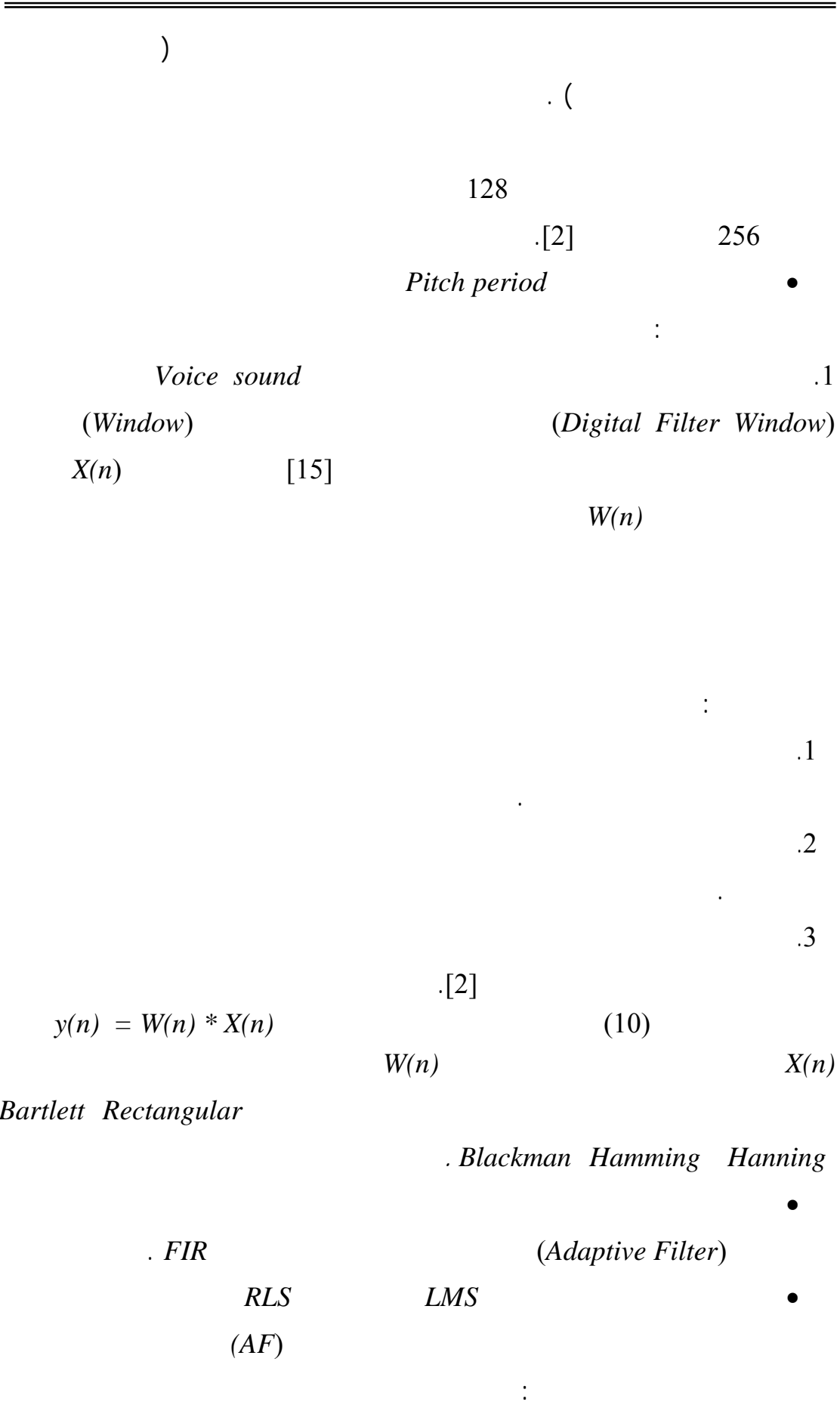
. Predication error

.3

.First –order refliection coefficient

.4

	:		
	$.X(n)$.1
	$.No. \text{ of frames}$.2
	$.Frame \text{ length}$.3
	$.Overlap$.4
	.		.
	.		.
$(First\text{-}order \text{ refliction coefficient})$.
$Vocal$			
	.	$tract$	
	$\hat{a}_j^i = \frac{-\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} X(n)X(n-1)}{\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} X(n-1)X(n-1)} = \frac{\hat{R}_{xx}(1)}{\hat{R}_{xx}(0)} \quad (5)$		
	.	j	a_j^i
	.	i	
	.	$X(n)$	
	.	$X(n-1)$	
$predication \text{ error}$.
:	LPC		
	$S(n) = \sum_{k=1}^p a_1 s(n-k) \quad (6)$		
S	(5)		a
:		$e(n)$	
	$e(n) = S(n) - \bar{S}(n) = S(n) - \sum_{k=1}^p a_k S(n-k) \quad (7)$		
:			.
	$E_n = 10 \log(\varepsilon + \frac{1}{N} \sum_{m=n-N-1}^n X^2(m)) \quad (8)$		



		.(100-10)	<i>length</i>		.1
0)	λ	<i>LMS</i>	(1 0)	μ	.2
			. <i>RLS</i>	(1	
			. <i>Iteration</i>		.3
		. <i>Coefficient</i> (<i>W</i> (<i>n</i>))			.4
		. <i>Cutoff- frequency</i>			.5
			. z^{-1}		.6
		. <i>Stopband</i>	<i>bassband</i>		.7

		(<i>Voiced</i>)	
(<i>Unvoiced</i>)		(<i>Fundemental frequency</i>)	
		(<i>Pitch period (T)</i>)	
		(<i>energy</i>)	(<i>AF</i>)
			.[11]

14-1

		(<i>Subjective and Objective test</i>)	
:			
		(<i>Minimum squared error</i>)	:
		:[13]	

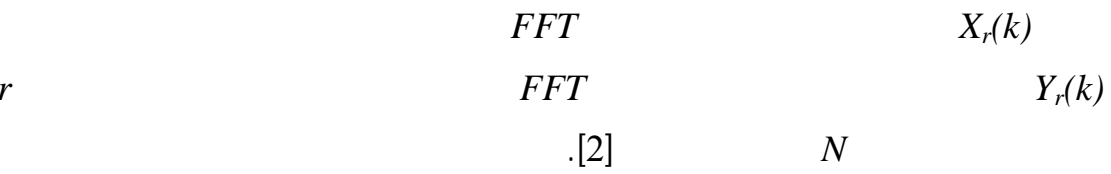
$$MSE = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^N [x(n) - \hat{x}(n)]^2 \quad (11)$$

		$x(n)$	
		$\hat{x}(n)$	
		N	

:

(*Segment Spectral Signal-to- Noise Ratio(SSSNR)*)

$$(SSSNR_r)_{db} = d(x, y) = 10 * \log_{10} \left[\frac{\sum_{k=0}^{N-1} |X_r(k)|^2}{\sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \left(|X_r(k)| - |Y_r(k)| \right)^2} \right] \tag{12}$$

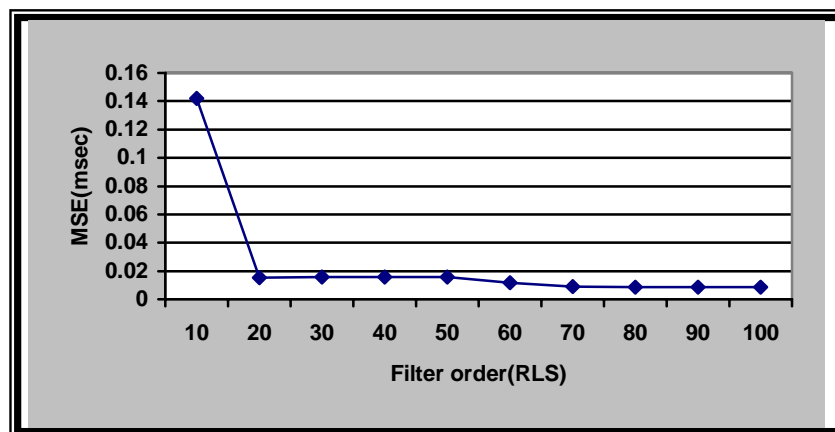


(MSE)

-1

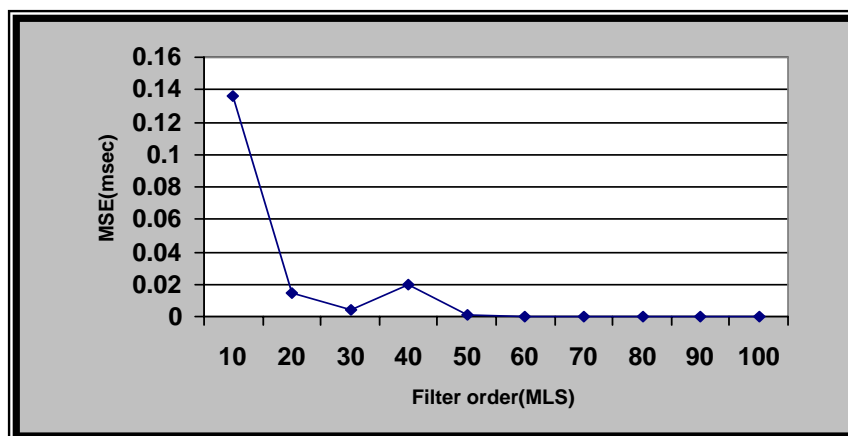
(11)

:



:(1)

RLS



:(2)

LMS

. LMS RLS (100)

-2

RLS

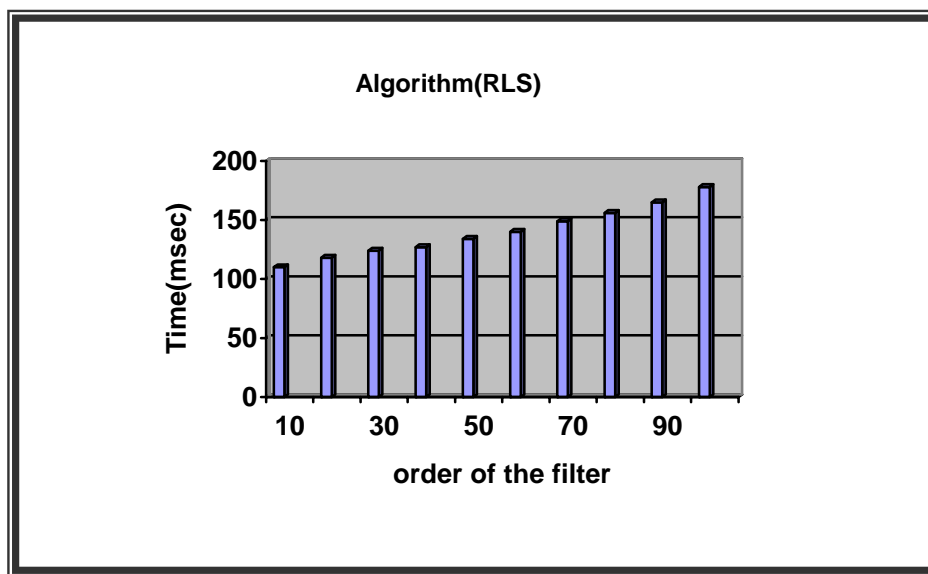
(4,3)

LMS

LMS

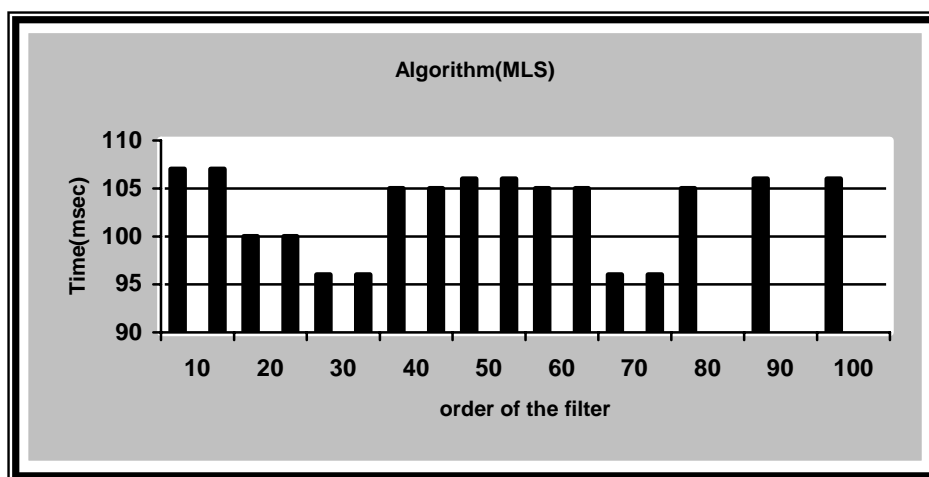
. RLS

(4)



RLS

(3)

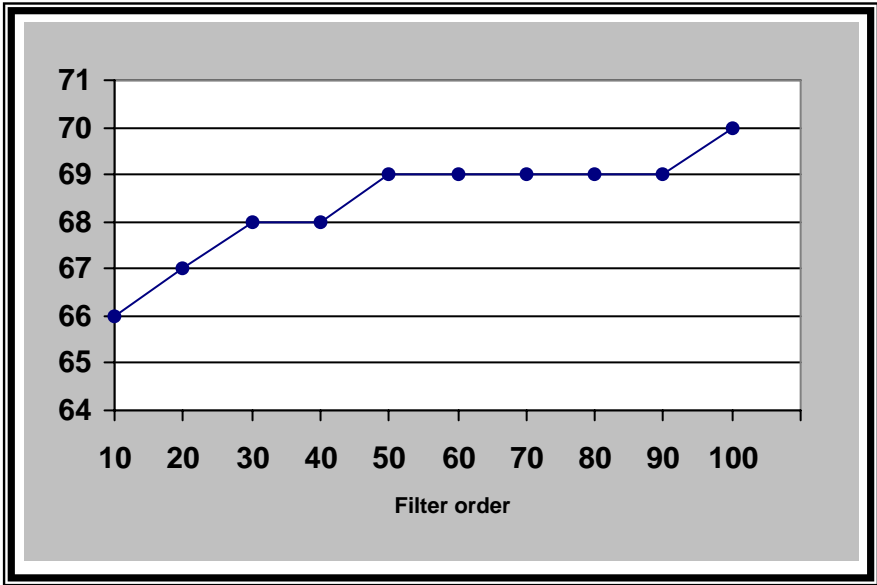


LMS

(4)

(12)

(1024 250 512)



(512)

:(5)

.(512)

16-1

LMS

RLS

.1

MSE

.2

.MSE

RLS

.3

(λ)

.4

(μ)

.5

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